

Annual Report 2001

Conflict Research Unit

Netherlands Institute of International Relations 'Clingendael'
Conflict Research Unit
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Introduction

The Conflict Research Unit (CRU) is a special section of the Clingendael Institute's Research Department. It came into being as a special unit in 1998, although several of its activities started earlier. *The CRU focuses on the study of intrastate conflict and on ways of preventing and dealing with these conflicts. The work of the CRU has a special though not exclusive emphasis on the developing world, and aims at translating theoretical insights into practical policy recommendations, as well as developing tools for decision-makers in national and multilateral governmental and non-governmental organizations.*

The CRU consists of a head, a deputy head and five researchers. Their educational background includes political science, economics, history, human geography and development sociology, as well as more applied perspectives such as development and disaster studies. The CRU also works with an associate researcher on a semi-permanent basis. Additionally, it contracts various international consultants for short-term periods and collaborates with a number of research institutes in the countries of study.

In accordance with the status of the Clingendael Institute, the CRU is independent in that its views and interpretations do not represent those of any public or private body, or institutions that provide grants or subsidies.

This report briefly summarizes the fields of activity, conceptual and methodological approaches, as well as the objectives of the study of intrastate conflict and conflict prevention by the CRU. It then proceeds to detail CRU's activities in 2001.

Approach

Conflict Paradigm

Each conflict has its own particular origins and is embedded in a unique socio-economic, political, military and cultural setting. The CRU takes the multi-causal nature of current conflict and the way in which different factors compound one another as its starting point.

Although conflicts can have different manifestations, the CRU approaches conflict with a particular focus on *group identity*. This requires extensive knowledge of societies at risk, ruling elites, politics, history, culture, demographics and the economy. A crucial element in this regard is the political relations of social groups to each other and to the state. Instead of thinking in stereotypical and fixed delineations, analysis should acknowledge that group identity in disputes is of a highly complex and flexible nature and gets continuously constructed and reconstructed in the process.

A second point of emphasis in the CRU approach to analysing conflict is the focus on *state-society relations*. Violent conflict is mainly observed in plural societies ruled by regimes that are unable or unwilling to deliver goods and services to their citizens. Moreover, they fail to protect them, while others actively repress opposing groups. State failure and state disintegration are therefore closely linked to violent intrastate conflict.

The CRU considers conflict to be *a process of violent struggle over power that exceeds the institutional capacity of the state or actors within the state to address claims from different groups in society*. Although referring to 'intrastate' conflict, CRU's research takes account of the regional and international context of these conflicts. This includes 'spillover' effects to neighbouring countries as a result of regional destabilization or refugees, as well as overt or

covert interventions by external actors. Here one can distinguish between governmental actors and a wide range of non-governmental actors.

When analysing conflict, simplistic dichotomies between peace and conflict must be avoided. This also applies to the distinction between the phases of pre-conflict, open conflict and post-conflict. Intrastate conflicts are often characterized as protracted, with the existence of ‘pockets of peace’ alongside ‘pockets of war’.

Applied Policy Focus

The research activities of the CRU can best be characterized as applied and policy-focused. CRU research activities intend to be policy relevant. By critically analysing policy interventions and failures, the research first aims to provide lessons learned. Secondly, the research intends to provide policy-makers with concrete suggestions for improvement of conflict prevention and conflict management policies.

It is in the earlier-mentioned context of ‘latent conflict and fragile peace’ that CRU applies the concept of conflict prevention. Three essential factors are distinguished in defining preventive action: *timing* (when is the action supposed to take place?); *actors* (who are supposed to engage in preventive action?); and *instruments* (what strategies and actions fall under preventive action?).

It is important to look at whether certain techniques are suited to the conditions in particular settings. If not, they may often be ineffective in preventing particular violent conflicts or even be harmful, rather than helpful.

While aiming for conflict prevention, reference is often made to ‘conflict prevention instruments’ or even a ‘conflict prevention toolbox’. The CRU holds the position that no action, instrument or response is inherently and exclusively conflict preventive. The process of preventing conflicts requires diagnosis of a particular conflict setting before possible ‘solutions’ can be prescribed.

The CRU contributes to identifying general and specific conditions for successful implementation of conflict policies and to the provision of guidelines for appropriate policy options and instruments and the development of tailor-made ‘tools’ for conflict management.

Grounded and Comparative Perspective

Using mainly qualitative research methodologies and comparative perspectives, CRU research aims to draw general conclusions without, however, losing the context-specific diversity of findings. CRU research is also often empirically based. For this aim, the CRU closely cooperates with local research institutes. Through its research and local policy colloquia, the CRU also aims to mobilize local knowledge regarding violent conflict in the regions concerned. The CRU does not engage in direct action, mediation or lobbying activities. The CRU aims at high quality in its research products and control thereof through regular peer reviewing in the design, implementation and evaluation phases.

Expertise, Typical Products and Networks

Expertise

The CRU’s work over the last years has led to a build-up of experience in the following fields:

- Explaining conflict and its characteristics

Here, the CRU builds on the experience gathered in the project on 'Causes of Conflict in the Third World', which investigated the causes and nature of violent conflict in a selected number of countries. In the 'Coping with Internal Conflict Project', the CRU elaborates on these findings by focusing on certain characteristics of violent conflict. These include economies of violence, i.e. the role of economic incentives in fuelling violent conflict; governance systems promoting inclusion as well as exclusion of certain groups in society; weak institutional arrangements regarding overseeing the security sector; and entitlements systems that explain the political distribution of (economic) resources.

- Assessing interventions, policies and capacities of donors and organizations

The CRU has assessed conflict-related interventions by (mainly) governmental organizations in a selected number of countries in South Asia, Africa and Central America in the 'Conflict Policy Research Project'. The CRU has also analysed regional organizations and their organizational capacities for early warning, conflict prevention and conflict management. Special reference can be made to the OSCE and ECOWAS (research project 'Conflict Prevention in West Africa').

- Discussing conceptual approaches to conflict prevention

The CRU has worked and written extensively on the concepts of 'early warning', 'early response', 'structural conflict prevention' and 'peace-building'. In doing so, the CRU has also tried to approach these issues from the perspectives of external (donor) organizations and the national governments of conflict-affected countries.

- Developing practical policy tools

Based on institutional assessments and reviews of relevant concepts, the CRU has worked on the design of analytical frameworks that guide policy-makers in their decision-making concerning conflict situations. In this regard, a 'Conflict and Policy Assessment Framework' was developed. Currently, the CRU is working on assessment tools for security sector reform and for improving practices on poverty reduction and power-sharing.

Typical CRU Activities and Products

Typical CRU activities and products include:

- Up-to-date academic/conceptual reports on conflict issues;
- Analytical frameworks and methodologies for policy planning, execution and evaluation;
- Tools and policy guidelines for conflict prevention and conflict management;
- Country case studies and policy assessments;
- Conflict-policy briefing papers;
- Organization, facilitation and chairing of policy seminars and meetings;
- Informal briefings concerning conflict issues;
- The provision of briefing notes and background material;
- The provision of training courses, seminars and modules (in cooperation with the Clingendael Institute's Training Department);
- Participation in academic seminars and meetings.

Networks

The CRU is an active member of various research networks on conflict-related issues. In addition, the CRU has its own network of research institutes in various regions of the world,

including South Asia, sub-Saharan Africa and Central America. In addition, the CRU is well informed on, and has good contacts with, a variety of governmental and non-governmental organizations around the world.

In current research projects, CRU actively cooperates with:

- ASC - Africa Study Centre, Leiden, the Netherlands.
- ARIAS - Arias Foundation for Peace and Human Progress, Costa Rica
- Berghof Foundation for Conflict Studies, Sri Lanka Office, Colombo, Sri Lanka
- BIISS - Bangladesh Institute of International and Strategic Studies, Dhaka, Bangladesh
- Centre for Conflict Studies, Utrecht University, the Netherlands
- CERES - Research School for Resource Studies for Development, Utrecht, the Netherlands
- CSIS - Centre for Strategic and International Studies, Indonesia
- ECCP - European Centre for Conflict Prevention, the Netherlands
- FEWER - Forum on Early Warning and Early Response, United Kingdom
- Fund for Peace, United States
- IA - International Alert, United Kingdom
- ICES - International Centre for Ethnic Studies, Sri Lanka
- IPA - International Peace Academy, United States
- Payson Centre (Institute for International Development), Tulane University, Washington DC, USA
- Saferworld, United Kingdom
- SAIIA - South African Institute of International Affairs, South Africa
- Stiftung Wissenschaft und Politik, Germany
- TAO - Technology and Agrarian Development Group, Wageningen University, the Netherlands

Activities in 2001

The research projects and other activities undertaken during 2001 are indicated below, including their duration and, if relevant, their total budget in euro.

Research Projects

- Coping with Internal Conflict (2000-2003; euro 1,758,336): The research project focuses on the changing nature of large-scale violent conflict in Africa, Asia and Latin America. It specifically analyses four components in-depth, including the Political Economy of Internal Conflict; Power-Sharing; Political-Military Relations; and Resources, Entitlements and Poverty-related Conflict.
- Improving the Effectiveness of OSCE Missions (2001-2002; euro 104,942): The project aims at identifying policy options for improving the effectiveness of OSCE instruments (notably missions) with regard to conflict prevention, conflict management and 'post-conflict' rehabilitation in Uzbekistan, Bosnia-Herzegovina and Ukraine.
- Rehabilitation, Sustainable Peace and Development (2000-2001; euro 49,335): The research is an explorative study of relevant theoretical and practical literature and policy responses in order to analyse whether and how a post-conflict rehabilitation approach can contribute to sustainable peace.

- Women and Internal Conflict (2001-2002: euro 106,473): The study aims to strengthen the gender perspective of conflict-related interventions in order to improve the dynamic role and position of 'local' women in conflict situations.
- Sharing Studies and Conflict-related Initiatives on Sri Lanka (2001-2002: euro 81,680): The study aims to give an overview and analysis of major studies and donor-led initiatives regarding the Sri Lankan conflict.

Consultancies

- Mainstreaming Poverty: Poverty and Conflict (2001; euro 3,827): An explorative study of the relationship between sustainable poverty alleviation and conflict.
- Rights, Entitlements and Food Insecurity (2001; euro 22,234): A study commissioned by the World Food Programme's Strategy and Policy Division on entitlements and rights-based approaches for WFP's strategy on sustainable livelihoods.
- Working in Conflict (2001; euro 14,400): Commissioned by the development organization SNV, the study explores the possibilities and requirements for providing development assistance before, during and after internal armed conflict.
- Evaluation of Early Warning Project, Institute for Security Studies (2001; euro 10,678): An evaluation of the Africa Early-Warning Programme/African Security Analysis Programme at the Institute of Security Studies in Pretoria, South Africa.
- Entitlement Perspective on Poverty-related Conflict for the Conflict Prevention Network (CPN) (2001; euro 620).
- Review Committee of International Alert on Security Sector Reform Paper (2001; euro 1,218).

Organized Seminars and Workshops

- 15 January 2001: State-of-the-Art Seminar on 'Power-Sharing Arrangements'.
- 16 January 2001: State-of-the-Art Seminar on 'Political-Military Relations and the Security Sector'.
- 2 February 2001: Seminar on 'Intrastate Conflict: Causes and Responses', in collaboration with Ceres Research School for Resource Studies for Development.
- 16 February 2001: State-of-the-Art Seminar on 'Reframing Post-Conflict Rehabilitation: Beyond Clichés from the Past'.
- 5 March 2001: State-of-the-Art Seminar on 'Resources, Entitlements and Poverty-Related Conflict'.
- 8-9 June 2001: Annual Conference 2001 of Conflict Prevention Network (CPN): 'Mainstreaming Conflict Prevention - Actors and Issues'.
- 3-4 September 2001: Workshop on a 'Draft Tool for Democratic Oversight of the Security Sector'.
- 8 October 2001: Round-Table Conference on 'Conflict Prevention and Peace-building', in collaboration with the European Centre for Conflict Prevention.

Training

- 26-30 August 2001: Seminar on 'Conflict Management and Peace-building' in collaboration with the Bangladesh Institute of International and Strategic Studies (BISS), Dhaka.
- 8-9 November 2001: Workshop on 'The Relation between External and Internal Security', with the collaboration of the Lesperssi Institute, Jakarta.

Lectures and Presentations

By Georg Frerks:

- 7 February 2001: Lecture on 'Types of Conflict and Crisis Management', 87th Course on International Security, Clingendael Institute, The Hague.
- 14 February 2001: Chairing of Lecture by Kumar (USAID), Dutch Ministry of Foreign Affairs, The Hague.
- 15 February 2001: Lecture on 'Conflict en Ontwikkeling' (Conflict and Development), Working Group on Dutch Development Cooperation, Centre for International Development Issues Nijmegen (CIDIN), Nijmegen.
- 16 February 2001: Chair of International Seminar on 'Reframing Post-Conflict Rehabilitation: Beyond Clichés from the Past', organized by the Clingendael Institute, The Hague.
- 5 March 2001: Chair of International Seminar on 'Resources, Entitlements and Poverty-related Conflict', organized by the Clingendael Institute, The Hague.
- 28 March 2001: Speaker at a discussion meeting on 'Preventing Deadly Conflict: The Role of Government and NGOs', organized by the Netherlands Association for International Affairs and the Royal Association for Military Art and Sciences, Perscentrum Nieuwspoor, The Hague.
- 6 April 2001: Lecture on 'New Concepts of Security and Development Cooperation' for the Course for Military Attachés-MILAT 2001 at the Dutch Defence College IDL, Ypenburg.
- 1-4 May 2001: Introduction on 'Exploring the State of Affairs in Different Countries' at the International Conference on 'Promoting the Prevention of Violent Conflict and Building Peace by Interaction between State Actors and Voluntary Organizations', Gripsholm, Sweden.
- 23 May 2001: Presentation on 'Conflict Prevention and Early Warning' for the Africa Directorate, Dutch Ministry of Foreign Affairs, The Hague.
- 2-5 July 2001: Lecture at Workshop on 'Conflict Studies', CERES Summer School.
- 19 September 2001: Chair at Conference 'Strategische Verkenningen' (Strategic Explorations), organized by the Centraal Orgaan Opvang Asielzoekers COA, Amsterdam.
- 20 September 2001: Commentator at Vision Workshop on 'The Role of SNV in Developing Countries in Conflict', The Hague.
- 11 October 2001: Lecture on 'Causes of Conflict in Developing Countries' held for the module 'Peace and Security' in the course 'Higher Education for the Royal Dutch Navy, Army and Air Force', Instituut Defensie Leergangen (Defence College), Ypenburg.
- 24-26 October 2001: Participation (Facilitator of Working Group 9, 'Links between Development and Peace: The Sri Lanka Case'; and Working Group 16, 'Early Warning and Conflict Prevention: Conditions, Feasibility and Major Lessons') at International Conference on 'Towards Better Peace-building Practice', organized by the European Platform for Conflict Prevention and Transformation, and Kontakt der Kontinenten, Soesterberg.
- 27 October 2001: Participation (Facilitator of the Workshop on National Infrastructure and Member of Discussion Panel) at National Conference on 'Internationale Samenwerking in Conflict Situaties: Impact en Aanpak' (International Cooperation in Conflict Situations: Impact and Approach), organized by the European Platform for Conflict Prevention and Transformation, and Kontakt der Kontinenten, Soesterberg.
- 29 October 2001: Chair at Parliamentarians' Panel on 'Conflict and Poverty after 11 September', organized by Cordaid and Pax Christi, Perscentrum Nieuwspoor, The Hague.

- 30 October-1 November 2001: Participation in Case Study on 'Tensions in Northern Africa', Management Course (Majoors-cursus) at Instituut Defensie Leergangen (Defence College), Ypenburg.
- 31 October 2001: Lecture on 'Terrorisme vanuit Derde Wereldperspectief' (Terrorism from the Perspective of the Third World), given at 'Hotel De Wereld', Wageningen.
- 17 November 2001: Introduction on 'Het Europees Perspectief bij Vrouwen en Geweld' (The European Perspective on Women and Violence), at Conference on 'Vrouwen als Partners voor Vrede en Veiligheid' (Women as Partners for Peace and Security), organized by the CDA Vrouwenberaad, International Court of Justice, The Hague.
- 5-7 December 2001: Introduction on 'War Economies' at the Conflict Analysis and Planning Workshop, CPR Network, Canadian International Development Agency CIDA, Ottawa.
- 13 December 2001: Introduction on 'Diplomatie van Onderop' (Bottom-up Diplomacy) at 'Universitaire Vredesdagen 2001', Rijksuniversiteit Groningen, Groningen.

By Luc van de Goor:

- 16 January 2002: Introduction on 'Military and Security Institutions in Developing Countries: Challenges in Civilian Control, Governance and Conflict Management', Clingendael Institute, The Hague.
- 23 January 2001: Lecture on 'Humanitarian Intervention' together with J. de Zeeuw, Wageningen University, Disaster Studies, Wageningen.
- 10 July 2001: Presentation on 'CPN Practical Guide for Conflict Prevention', for the Conflict Prevention and Crisis Management Unit of DG-RELEX of the European Commission, Brussels, Belgium.
- 3-4 September 2001: Introduction and chair of workshop on 'Governance and Security Sector Reform: Developing an Analytical Tool', Clingendael Institute, The Hague.
- 9 October 2001: Second presentation on 'CPN Practical Guide for Conflict Prevention', for the Conflict Prevention and Crisis Management Unit of DG-RELEX of the European Commission, Brussels, Belgium.
- 24-26 October 2001: Introduction at Working Group 14 'Security and Peace-building' at International Conference on 'Towards Better Peace-building Practice', organized by the European Platform for Conflict Prevention and Transformation, and Kontakt der Kontinenten, Soesterberg.
- 8-9 November 2001: Introduction to and panellist at the workshop on 'The Relation between External and Internal Security', the Lesperssi Institute, Jakarta, Indonesia.

By Tsjearld Bouta:

- 16 January 2001: Introduction to 'Donor Policies on Security Sector Reform: Some Notes for Discussion', Clingendael Institute, The Hague.
- 3-4 September 2001: Participation in Workshop on 'Governance and Security Sector Reform: Developing an Analytical Tool', Clingendael Institute, The Hague.
- 20-21 September 2001: Participation in International Conference on the 'Participation of Women in the Prevention and Resolution of Conflicts', Council of Europe, Strasbourg, France.
- 8-9 November 2001: Introduction to and panellist at the workshop on 'The Relation between External and Internal Security', the Lesperssi Institute, Jakarta, Indonesia.
- 17 November 2001: Participation in Workshop on 'Het Europees Perspectief bij Vrouwen en Geweld' (The European Perspective on Women and Violence), at the Conference on 'Vrouwen als Partners voor Vrede en Veiligheid' (Women as Partners for Peace and

Security), organized by the CDA Vrouwenberaad, International Court of Justice, The Hague.

By Suzanne Verstegen:

- 5 March 2001: Presentation of Review on Resources, Entitlement and Poverty-related Conflict at Seminar on 'Resources, Entitlements and Poverty-related Conflict', Clingendael Institute, The Hague.
- 8 May and 12 June 2001: Participation in Intra-departmental Debate on 'Mainstreaming Poverty Alleviation', Ministry of Foreign Affairs, The Hague.
- 3 July 2001: Presentation 'Entitlements and Poverty-related Conflict', CERES Summerschool, Conflict Studies, Wageningen.

By Jeroen de Zeeuw:

- 23 January 2001: Lecture on 'Humanitarian Intervention' together with L. van de Goor, Wageningen Disaster Studies, Wageningen University.
- 16 February 2001: Introduction on 'From Reconstruction to Peace-building: A Review of Selected Literature', International Seminar on 'Reframing Post-Conflict Rehabilitation: Beyond Clichés from the Past', Clingendael Institute, The Hague.
- 9 October 2001: Participation in Debate on 'Hulp in Ontwikkeling' (Aid in Development), Pulchri Studio, The Hague.

Press

Interviews with the press were held in 2001, including:

- 16 February 2001: Television interview of Georg Frerks in KRO Ontbijt TV on the visit of the UNHCR to Western Africa.
- October 2001: Interviews of Georg Frerks and Tsjard Bouta by Marnel Breure for the article 'SNV bezint zich op haar rol in conflictgebieden' (SNV Reflects on its Role in Conflict Areas), *Vice-Versa 2000*, (35): 4, pp. d6-d7.

Project Proposals

The CRU has submitted a number of project proposals to different organizations during the past year:

- Royal Netherlands Embassy in Sri Lanka
Approach paper, Asian Development Bank Northeast Community Restoration and Development Project (2002-2004)
Approach paper, World Bank Pre-implementation Support Social Harmony Component in Higher Education Programme (2002)
Approach paper, Advice and Backstopping Royal Netherlands Embassy (2002-onwards)
- Royal Netherlands Embassy in Bangladesh
Capacity Building in International Relations, Conflict Management and Peace-Building (2002-2004) [in collaboration with the Bangladesh Institute for International and Strategic Studies, BIIS]
- Department for International Development (DfID), United Kingdom
Strengthening Response and Preparedness Efforts to Violent Conflicts (2002-2004) [in collaboration with the Forum on Early Warning and Early Response, FEWER]

- Netherlands Ministry of Foreign Affairs
Democratic Transition in Post-Conflict Societies: Building Local Institutions (2002-2004).

Reports and Publications in 2001

It is CRU policy to make all of its publications publicly available and free of charge. For this purpose, publications are downloadable from the CRU website (www.clingendael.nl/cru). The decision on clearance of reports, however, lies with the contractor.

Memoranda

Frerks, G. and S. Verstegen (2001), *Sustainable Poverty Alleviation and Conflict*, Memorandum for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, The Hague.

Clingendael Occasional Papers

Zeeuw, J. de (2001), *Building Peace in War-torn Societies: From Concept to Strategy*, Conflict Research Unit, Clingendael Institute, The Hague.

Journals, Book Chapters, Other

Bouta, T. and G. Frerks (2001), *The Role of SNV in Development Countries in Internal Armed Conflict*, report written for the Netherlands Technical Assistance Cooperation Organization SNV, The Hague.

Doe, S., and S. Verstegen (2001), *Learning from Experience: Report of an Ex-Post Evaluation of the African Security Analysis Program (ASAP)*, Evaluation Report. Swiss Department of Foreign Affairs, Political Affairs Division: Bern.

Frerks, G. (2001), 'De Rol van Maatschappelijke Organisaties bij Vredesopbouw', in *Atlantisch Perspectief*, 25 (3), pp. 8-12.

Frerks, G. (2001), 'Zimbabwe van kwaad tot erger?', in *Internationale Spectator*, 55 (4), pp. 206-208.

Frerks, G. (2001), 'Conflicten van de nieuwe eeuw ... een eeuw van nieuwe conflicten?', in *Vrede en Veiligheid: Tijdschrift voor Internationale Vraagstukken*, 30(4), pp. 500-516.

Frerks, G. and S. Verstegen (2001), *Food, Power and Politics: An Extended Entitlement Approach to Food Security. Report on the Application of the Extended Entitlement Approach within WFP's Enabling Development Policy*, background paper for the World Food Programme, Strategy and Policy Division.

Frerks, G. and J. de Zeeuw (2001), 'Conflict en ontwikkeling vanuit Nederlands perspectief', in L. Schulpen (ed.), *Hulp in Ontwikkeling: Bouwstenen voor de Toekomst van Internationale Samenwerking*, Assen: Van Gorcum.

Goor, L. van de, A. Mehler and C. Moyroud (2001), *A Practical Guide for Peace-building and Conflict Prevention*, Berlin: Stiftung Wissenschaft und Politik and Conflict Prevention Network (SWP-CPN).

Goor, L. van de and J. de Zeeuw (2001), 'Nieuwe Oorlogen: Oude Wijn in Nieuwe Zakken', *Internationale Spectator*, 55 (4), pp. 209-211.

Verstegen, S. (2001), 'Poverty and Conflict: An Entitlement Perspective', *CPN Briefing Paper*, Berlin: SWP-CPN.

Verstegen, S. (2001), 'Poverty, Access to Resources and Conflict: Understanding Poverty-related Conflict from an Entitlement Perspective', in Netherlands HDP Committee, *Kaleidoscopic View on Social Scientific Global Change Research in the Netherlands*, Amsterdam: Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences.

Verstegen, S. (2001), 'Conflictonderzoek in de Beleidspraktijk', in J. van der Lijn and A. Pauwels (eds), *Conflictonderzoek in het Nederlandse Taalgebied: Problemen bij Onderzoek naar het Ononderzoekbare?*, Nijmegen: Studiecentrum voor Vredesvraagstukken, pp. 50-73.

Conference Papers, Round Tables, Proceedings

Bouta, T. (2001), *Security Sector Reform: An Analysis of some Present Donor Policies*, paper prepared for the Seminar on 'Political-Military Relations', 16 January 2001, The Hague.

Bouta, T. (2001), Proceedings of International Seminar on 'Political-Military Relations', Clingendael Institute, The Hague.

Bouta, T. (2001), *Conflictpreventie en Vredesopbouw in Nederland: Verslag Rondetafelconferentie 8 oktober 2001*, Europees Centrum voor Conflictpreventie en Conflict Research Unit, Clingendael Institute, The Hague.

Goor, L. van de (2001), *Military and Security Institutions in Developing Countries: Challenges in Civilian Control, Governance and Conflict Management. A Provisional Inventory of Research Results and Policy Issues*, introductory paper to the Workshop on 'Political-Military Relations', Clingendael Institute, The Hague, 16 January 2001.

Goor, L. van de (2001), Proceedings of International Seminar on 'Power-Sharing', Clingendael Institute, The Hague.

Leeuwen, M. van (2001), *Power-Sharing and Democracy: Designing Arrangements for the Management of Violent Conflict. A Review of Selected Literature*, paper prepared for the Workshop on 'Power-Sharing', Clingendael Institute, 15 January 2001.

Verstegen, S. (2001), *Understanding and Preventing Poverty-related Conflict: Towards an Analytical Tool for Policy*, paper prepared for the Workshop on 'Resources, Entitlements and Poverty-related Conflict', held at the Clingendael Institute, The Hague, 5 March 2001.

Verstegen, S. (2001), *A Strategic Framework for Conflict and Policy Assessment. Requirements for a Coherent Conflict Prevention Approach: Possibilities and Limitations*, paper prepared for the Seminar on 'Early Warning and Response in a Conflict Prevention

Perspective: Applying Experiences to the Euro-Med Context', held at the Jordan Institute of Diplomacy/Instituto Affari Internazionali, Amman, 1-2 October 2001.

Zeeuw, J. de (2001), *Building Peace in War-Torn Societies: From Concept to Strategy. A Review of Selected Literature on Rehabilitation, Sustainable Peace and Development*, introductory paper to the Seminar on 'Reframing Post-Conflict Rehabilitation: Beyond Clichés from the Past', Clingendael Institute, 16 February 2001.

Zeeuw, J. de (2001), Proceedings of Seminar on 'Reframing Post-Conflict Rehabilitation', Clingendael Institute, The Hague.

Working Papers

Douma, P. (2001), *Political Economy of Internal Conflict: A Review of Contemporary Trends and Issues*, Conflict Research Unit Working Paper 1, Clingendael Institute, The Hague.

Handley, A. and G. Mills (2001), *From Military Coups to Multiparty Elections: The Ghanaian Military-Civil Transition*, Conflict Research Unit Working Paper 2, Clingendael Institute, The Hague.

Silva, K.M. de (2001), *Sri Lanka: Political-Military Relations*, Conflict Research Unit Working Paper 3, Clingendael Institute, The Hague.

Silva, K.M. de (2001), *Power-Sharing Arrangements in Sri Lanka*, Conflict Research Unit Working Paper 4, Clingendael Institute, The Hague.

Naidu, S. (2001), *Mozambique: Prospects for a Lasting Peace*, Conflict Research Unit Working Paper 5, Clingendael Institute, The Hague.

Shaw, M. (2001), *War without End? The Political Economy of Internal Conflict in Angola*, Conflict Research Unit Working Paper 6, Clingendael Institute, The Hague.

Peiris, G. (2001), *Poverty and Entitlement Dimensions of Political Conflict in Sri Lanka: A Bibliographic Survey*, Conflict Research Unit Working Paper 7, Clingendael Institute, The Hague.

Staff

In 2001 CRU member Luc van de Goor was seconded for eight months to the Stiftung Wissenschaft und Politik (SWP), Berlin, Germany. Due to the arrival of Martina Huber, the CRU expanded in 2001 and consisted of the following persons:

Tsjeard Bouta MSc

Development sociologist. Mr Bouta functions as the Conflict Research Unit's office manager as well as conducting research on gender and armed conflict, political-military relations, and security sector reform.

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Prof. Georg Frerks

Professor Frerks is seconded from the Netherlands Ministry of Foreign Affairs to the Clingendael Institute as Head of the Conflict Research Unit. He also works as Professor of Disaster Studies at Wageningen University. He also worked part-time as a senior policy planner at the Dutch Ministry of Foreign Affairs till 2001 and is appointed as Professor of Conflict Prevention and Conflict Management at Utrecht University from 2002 onwards. He specializes in development-related conflict and emergencies in developing countries.

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Luc van de Goor MA

Historian specializing in international relations and security studies, with a special research interest in conflict prevention and early warning, military expenditures, reform of the security sector and institutional aspects of good governance. Mr van de Goor is an experienced researcher and has edited and authored various publications.

e-mail: lgoor@clingendael.nl

Martina Huber MA

Economist/political scientist by background. Mrs Huber's main focus is conflict prevention. She is currently working on a study of the OSCE in preparation for the Dutch Chairmanship of the OSCE in 2003.

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Suzanne Verstegen MA

Development sociologist with postgraduate diploma in international (economic) relations. Mrs Verstegen joined the Conflict Research Unit in 1998 and has since worked and published on the topics of early warning, conflict prevention policy and poverty-related conflict.

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Jeroen de Zeeuw MSc

Development sociologist by education. Mr de Zeeuw has a special research interest in post-conflict rehabilitation and conflict prevention policy in general.

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Pyt Douma MA

Human geographer. Mr Douma studies causes of conflict in developing countries with special focus on development issues. He presently works as a part-time consultant for the CRU.

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