

The Clingendael Radar alerts you on new threats for European security



New and novel threats to watch

- Misuse of geoengineering (to alter climate) could increase climate risks
 - Risks: disturbing natural events, wrongful use by states as alternative to reducing CO₂ emissions <u>Earther</u>, <u>The Guardian</u>
 - Lack of transparency, understanding of the science and governance to regulate practices <u>Carnegie</u>
- Absence of technologies able to remove CO₂ from the air threaten Paris Agreement
 - Reduction of new CO₂ emissions insufficient to achieve goals: CO₂ already in the air also needs to be removed <u>The Economist</u>
 - Carbon capture and storage could capture up to 90% emissions but uncertain impact and risks C2ES
- Tropical forests from carbon saviour to carbon source
 - Forests so degraded they now emit carbon, releasing more carbon emissions than all annual US traffic Science, The Guardian
- Multiple EU countries retaining coal energy, despite highly negative effects on climate
 - 24% of EU's electricity comes from coal (mainly Germany, Poland, UK): responsible for 75% CO₂ emissions in sector <u>Bruegel</u>
 - Increasing pressure growing with initiatives such as Bloomberg's \$50 million fund for 'war on coal' <u>Euractiv</u>



Long term trend: an increase in climate risks

Multi-factor assessment for the next 5 years (2017-2021)

Trend table	(Clima	te change	Trend
Arctic sea	Base rate	Tensions in the Arctic region	_
	Factors	Melting of Arctic ice	_
		Functioning of Arctic Council	
Summer and winter temperatures	Base rate	Extreme summer heat	_
		Warmer winters	_
	Factors	Effectiveness of EU policy	?
Rising sea levels	Base rate	Rising sea levels	_
		Flood risk	_
	Factors	Effectiveness of EU policy	_
		Effectiveness of national policy	

