

The Clingendael Radar alerts you on new threats for European security



New and novel threats to watch

- Ukraine as potential hub for both Islamist and far-right terrorists
 - Ex-ISIS members hiding away from Russia, others using Ukraine as training ground Foreign Affairs, Jamestown Foundation
 - Either group could benefit from large existing arms trafficking network <u>European Parliament Policy Department</u>
- ISIS returnees to Balkans makes region vulnerable to terrorism
 - Interconnections between terrorism, trafficking networks and Balkan diaspora communities in EU Atlantic Initiative
 - Lack of well-developed prevention of violent extremism (PVE) policies Analytica
- New threats from far right as they improve their organisation and ability to carry out attacks
 - Well-organised and networked groups: anti-jihadist 'training camps', far-right crowdfunding platforms The Independent, CNN
 - Recent examples: French far-right militants arrested over suspicion of terror plot; German soldiers under investigation RFI, DW
- ISIS women returning to EU posing greater threat than previously thought
 - ISIS is changing tactics by giving women more active and violent role Foreign Affairs
 - Challenges: possible indoctrination of children, ability to recruit, international networks etc. Netherlands Intelligence Service



Long term trend: an increase in terrorist attacks

Multi-factor assessment for the next 5 years (2017-2021)

Trend table	Terrorism	Trend
Base rates	Number of attacks in European Union (by type)	_
	Fatalities and injuries	_
Factors	Diversity in choice of target and weapon	_
	Number of foreign fighters	_
	Number of lone wolves	_
	Polarisation of society	_
	Discrimination	_
	Inequality	_
	Poverty	_
	Employment rate	<i>-</i>
	Perceptions of immigration	?

